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MEXICAN PLOT IS REVEALED BY FALL

Evidence That Mexico Was To Seize Border States In Revolt

Washington, Dec. 8.—Evidence that radicals in Mexico with the knowledge and support of President Carranza, plotted to instigate a revolution in the United States and to seize border States acquired by the American Government in 1848, is contained in memorandum presented to President Wilson by Senator Fall, New Mexico, chairman of the Foreign Relations Subcommittee, investigating the Mexican situation.

Plans for the proposed revolution were obtained by the subcommittee from the minutes of a meeting October 15 last in Mexico City of Lodge 23, an organization of extreme agitators and members of the Industrial Workers of the World. The Mexican President is linked most directly with the plot through correspondence in which he recommends three men for special consideration because of their connection with the plan which they desire to put into practice in the State of Texas. These men, the committee states, have been identified as active agents of Lodge 23.

General Strike Planned.
The memorandum which contains an abstract of evidence collected by the committee, was delivered to the President by Senator Fall Friday night and made public late today.

Notes of the October 15 meeting of the radical lodge declare "there appeared three delegates, two American and one Mexican, who had arrived from the United States, and who claimed that 'the society' would be able at the beginning of next November (that is, November, 1919), to call a general strike of all miners and metal workers in the United States; that they have three million adherents in that country, where they will be able to seize one Western and two Atlantic ports; that a large number of American soldiers were preparing to take sides with them, and that they proposed to establish a capital of a reformed government of the United States in the State of Colorado; that when such a revolution was successful, the Mexicans rendering assistance, the border States which were acquired by the United States under the treaty of 1848, would be returned to Mexico."

The three men referred to are the same, the memorandum states, as those mentioned by Carranza in letters of which the committee has secured photostatic copies.

Letters signed by Carranza.
The first of these letters, dated June 4th, and addressed to Manuel Aguirre Berlanga, Mexican Minister at Gobernacion, says:

"Senor Lino Caballo, bearer of this letter, is the person who, in company with two friends, will bring to you the manifestos and the plan which they desire to put into practice in the State of Texas."

"This plan being very favorable for Mexico, please aid them in every way and give necessary instructions in frontier States."

"I remain your affectionate friend,
"V. CARRANZA."

The second letter, dated August 19, and addressed to the same Government official, follows:

"The present letter will be delivered to you by Mr. Juan N. Garcia, and the two friends who accompany him, and in accordance with our conversation, please give them the guarantees they solicit as well as pecuniary assistance they may desire.
"I remain your friend affectionately,
"V. CARRANZA."

Other information secured by the committee, and which it regards as reliable, indicates treaty negotiations between Mexico and Japan. The document in possession of the committee states that the high official of Mexico, would communicate to another high official that "the treaty with Japan is coming along," and that the writer is convinced of the "great advantages it would bring Mexico for its national integrity." Reference is contained in another document to support the Mexican government proposes to give the German initiative in Mexico.

Senator Fall's comment on the plan of revolution disclosed in the minutes of the Lodge meeting is that it

would appear "perpetrators, ridiculous and so fantastic as of itself to deserve little attention were it not first, for the fact, that it is similar in all essentials to the plan of Sandiego, which by the only judicial tribunal passing upon the question was declared to have been backed or supported by armed forces through a state of war by V. Carranza in 1915; and second, were it not for the fact that the plan of Sandiego itself is dating, and this present plain following, were and are in exact line with the note of June 19, 1917, from Zimmermann to Von Eckhart, then Ambassador from Germany to Mexico."

The Zimmermann note contained the paragraph: "We (Germany) shall give general financial support to Mexico, and it is understood that Mexico is to reconquer the lost territory in New Mexico, Texas and Arizona." In this connection the memorandum called attention to the suggestion in the Zimmermann note that Mexico communicate with Japan suggesting adherence to the plan and offer her mediation between Japan and Germany.

Evidence in possession of the committee, Senator Fall informed the President, indicates that conditions along the border are "rapidly taking on the same character which had been assumed in our relations with Mexico prior and subsequent to" the date fixed for uprisings under the plan of Sandiego.

The committee, the memorandum said, has obtained possession of what President Carranza calls his "blue book." At various places in this book attention is called to the oppressive policy of the United States toward Mexico, and stress is laid upon the assertion that President Carranza has resisted every such encroachment and in every instance "from the first proposed Niagara conference down to and including the American protests as to nationalization of lands and other properties," that he has been successful in "refusing absolutely to yield in any respect to the demands" of this Government.

Wilson Is Assailed.
"Do not forget my injunction," Carranza wrote "to describe in lively colors the tortuosity of the American policy with relation to our country, causing the figure of Wilson to stand policy."

The resolution asking President Wilson to break off diplomatic relations with the Carranza Government was abandoned today by Republican leaders in the Senate after the President had informed Senator Fall, its author, that he would "be gravely concerned to see any such resolution pass the Congress."

Before the President dispatched his letter, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee held an hour's session for discussion of the Mexican situation, including the Carranza oil decrees, which would have been the subject of diplomatic correspondence between the United States and Mexico, but at the suggestion of Senator Fall action on his resolution was deferred until the President had expressed his views.

ASSISTANCE APPRECIATED.

We wish to express our gratitude and thanks to all who so materially and graciously aided in making the Bazaar, given on the 9th, the success it was. We would especially acknowledge our appreciation of the services rendered by those members of other churches of the community.

THE LADIES SEWING CIRCLE.
M. E. Church, Hartford, Ky.

FOR SALE.

One Percheron Mare, 8 years old.
W. B. THOMAS
Horton, Ky.

NATIONAL CONVENTION IN CHICAGO, JUNE THE 8TH

The National Republican Committee in its meeting in Washington Wednesday, selected Chicago and June the 8th, as the place and date for holding the next National Convention, which is, if present and near past conditions count for anything, most certain to name the next President of the U. S. A.

On Friday, December 19th, there will be a called meeting of the Farmers of Ohio County in the Court Room at Hartford, to effect a temporary organization of the local Farm Bureau.
M. L. McCracken.



BASCOM WATERS
Evangelist.

Dr. Bascom Waters, of Clinton, Tenn., Evangelist of the Holstine, Tennessee Conference, has been procured to do the preaching in the revival meeting scheduled to commence at the local Methodist Church, Sunday morning, Jan. 4th.

Dr. Waters is hailed as a man of power and eloquence in the pulpit and the meeting to begin early in the new year is expected to be productive of much interest and good in this locality.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.

Cattle—Prices were barely steady with opening day in some instances and little activity in evidence. Fairly good demand for the best heavy-weight butchers.

Quotations: Prime heavy steers \$12.50 @ 14; heavy shipping steers \$11.50 @ 12.50; medium steers \$10.50 @ 11.50; light steers \$9.50 @ 10.50; fat heifers \$8 @ 12; fat cows \$7.50 @ 10.50; medium cows \$6.50 @ 7.50; cutters \$5.25 @ 6.50; canners \$5 @ 5.25; bulls \$6 @ 7.75; feeders \$9 @ 11.25; stockers \$7 @ 10; choice milch cows \$100 @ 120; medium \$70 @ 100; common \$50 @ 70.

Calves—Market steady. Best veals \$15.50 @ 16; medium \$8 @ 11.50; common \$5 @ 7.

Hogs—Lights and pigs held about steady, but tops and throwouts advanced 25c under a good active demand. Best hogs 165 lbs. up \$12.50; 20 to 165 lbs \$12; pigs 120 lbs down \$11.50; throwouts \$11.25 down.

Sheep and Lambs—Few changes in values. Best lambs \$12; strictly good higher; seconds \$7 @ 8; best sheep \$6; bucks \$4 down.

Local produce dealers quote buying prices as follows (net to shippers, the shipper paying freight and drayage charges.)

Eggs—Candled 70c.
Butter—Country 42 @ 43c.
Poultry—Hens 20 @ 21c lb.; large spring chickens 19 @ 20c lb.; small spring chickens 25 @ 28c lb.; roosters, 12 @ 13c lb.; ducks 22 @ 23c lb.; turkeys 30 @ 31c lb.; geese 18 @ 22c; guineas, 35 @ 50c apiece.
Rabbits—\$3.25 @ 3.60 doz.

FORMER OHIO COUNTY BOY MEETS TRAGIC DEATH

Tommy Hornback, of Humble, Tex., formerly of this county, was instantly killed on December 7th, while carrying a stick of dynamite in his hand. The dynamite for some unknown reason exploded, tearing his hand from his body and badly mutilating his head.

Mr. Hornback was working in an oil field 300 miles from his home when the fatal accident occurred. His remains were sent to Humble, where they were interred. Mr. Hornback was a son of D. W. Hornback and grandson of W. H. and J. M. Foreman; was 24 years of age and is survived by a wife and two children. He had many friends and relatives in this county who will be grieved to learn of his death.

MORROW SWORN IN AS NEW GOVERNOR

Record Breaking Throng Sees Inauguration In Frankfort.

Louisville Herald.
(By Robert D. Anderson)

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 9.—With their left hands placed upon the same Bible, Edwin P. Morrow, of Somerset, and S. Thruston Ballard, of Louisville, simultaneously took their oaths of office as governor and lieutenant governor of Kentucky, respectively, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The Bible was open at the twenty-third Psalm.

The accession to power of Kentucky's new executive was acclaimed tumultuously by the biggest gathering that ever has attended an inauguration in Frankfort.

Inadequate transportation facilities and unfavorable weather were factors powerless to prevent the Republicans of Kentucky from giving their chosen servants an inaugural ovation thoroughly in keeping with the magnificent vote of confidence they gave them in November.

On account of the lateness of trains, the inaugural exercises did not open until an hour and a half after the time set by the committee. In the meantime, the bulk of the big crowd had gathered at the capitol and waited patiently in spite of the drizzling rain. Mist was falling upon the bare heads of the assemblage when the governor and lieutenant governor were sworn in.

Reaffirms All Pledges.

In his brief inaugural address, Governor Morrow reaffirmed "the provisions and pledges contained in my party's binding obligation."

"To its fulfillment," Governor Morrow said, "I pledge every effort, every energy and the best of every power of head and heart which God has given me. In the performance of this contract, now made with all the people, for the good of all the people, I ask the aid of all the people."

Recognition of the spirit of unrest abroad in America was seen in that portion of the new governor's address which pledged him to maintain unchallenged the supremacy of the law. "The law," said Governor Morrow, "is the shield and sword of the whole people, the sentinel at every home, the watchman at every fireside. It is, at last, the final guarantee of 'life liberty and the pursuit of happiness.'"

Governor Morrow's voice vibrated with emotion when he concluded his address with a prayer that he may be given strength by the Deity to carry out fully all the obligations of the high trust which has been reposed in him.

The valedictory address of Governor James D. Black consisted chiefly of an explanation why he could not accomplish some of the things demanded of him. He declared that his only regret in surrendering the governorship is that it deprives him of the opportunity of carrying out his educational program.

Throfares are Crowded.

Frankfort presented a scene of brightness and gaiety upon the morning of inauguration day. The nation's colors vivified every building, and the streets were packed with crowds carrying banners and flags. Bands were playing one every corner. The big gathering was swelled by each succeeding train, and by the arrival of hundreds of automobile parties, until passage through the streets became almost impossible.

The 1st Division, United States Army, represented by infantry, artillerymen, two guns and the massed colors of the eight regiments, and the Louisville Police Department, represented by mounted police, the famous rifle squad, and motorcycle men, proved popular divisions of the big parade. The veterans of the 1st Division received an ovation. The Louisville police presented a splendid appearance and were cheered enthusiastically.

The Inaugural Ceremonies.

The inaugural exercises were held on a large platform which had been erected at the entrance to the Capitol. Seated upon this platform were Governor Morrow and Governor Black, with their families; the retiring state officers, the state officers-elect, fifty prominent Republicans composing the

personal escort of Governor Morrow, Chief Justice John D. Carroll, Judge E. C. O'Rear and members of the committee.

The speaker's table was decorated with the American flag which draped the body of President McKinley when it was taken to Canton, O., for burial. Mrs. McKinley presented this flag to the late Senator William O'Connell Bradley, and it now is in the possession of Mrs. John G. South, a daughter of the senator.

Judge Edward C. O'Rear, master of ceremonies, introduced Governor Black, to whom he paid a tribute as a man of high patriotism and purposes.

Governor Black spoke for half an hour. The retiring governor disclaimed any intention of commenting upon the election, but said that "on some other day I may have something more to say about recent events."

Judge O'Rear, in introducing Governor Morrow, said that he had heard some discussion of fourteen reasons for the sweeping majority given the Republican ticket. "I will give you the fifteenth reason—here he is," Judge O'Rear remarked, presenting Morrow.

A tremendous outburst of cheering greeted Governor Morrow when he arose. Governor Morrow's address required only five minutes for its delivery. His voice was fully recovered from the strain of the recent campaign, and carried to the outskirts of the great throng.

As the governor turned to receive the oath of office, the Rev. G. F. David, Sr., a negro minister of Lexington, presented him with a Bible on behalf of the A. M. E. Zion church of Kentucky. In his speech of presentation, the minister commented upon Governor Morrow's appeal for divine guidance, in the close of his address, and asked that he read the gift diligently. He expressed confidence that the governor will find in its pages strength to fortify him in all his decisions for the public weal.

Governor Morrow and Lieutenant Governor Ballard placed their left hands upon the Bible, elevating their right hands. Chief Justice John D. Carroll, of the Court of Appeals administered the constitutional oath, to which the two executives made a firm response, "I do."

LYCEUM ENTERTAINMENT.

The second number of the series of four entertainments to be put on at College Hall here, was delivered Saturday night by the Woodland Quartet, of the Redpath Lyceum Bureau.

There were two other shows in town on the same date, these with the very inclement weather necessarily limited the attendance to a comparatively small number, but those who were present were well repaid, as the entertainment was of the highest class ever given here, of that character.

This entertainment was to have been delivered Monday, Dec. the 1st, but by being routed wrong the quartet got stranded at Fordsville, and could not reach here to fill the engagement.

FARM FOR SALE.

My farm of 70 acres at Horse Branch, Ky., about 45 acres in woods, remainder in high state of cultivation. Fine young orchard, new house and other buildings; a real bargain. Immediate possession. Also one extra large bay mule.

V. M. CROWDER,
1215 Walnut St.,
Owensboro, Ky.

FINE TOBACCO.

Mr. R. L. Dever, of this place, brought to this office one day this week, a sample of his tobacco grown this year, which is as fine as we ever saw, it is of good length, uniform bright color and as sound as possible to grow. Mr. Dever has not yet sold his crop, of which he has several thousand pounds and expects to obtain a fancy price for the weed.

MALINDA CALLOWAY.

Mrs. Malinda Calloway, wife of Alvah Calloway, died at her home in Centertown, Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from the effects of a severe paralytic stroke, suffered early the morning before.

The remains were buried at Centertown yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, after funeral services, conducted by Rev. L. W. Tichenor.